## STATE VOTING HISTORIES esidents, Presidential Contenders, and the States They Won in the Electoral College Contenders AK AL AR AZ CA CO CT DE Breakdown of How Many States Voted for the Parties Involved George Washington (1) George Washington (2) W W W 15 Federalist John Adams Jefferson 9 Federalist, 7 Democrat-Republican Thomas Jefferson (I) **Adams** 7 Federalist, 8 Democrat-Republican, 1 split Thomas Jefferson (2) Pinckney 2 Federalist, 15 Democrat-Republican Р 5 Federalist, 12 Democrat-Republican James Madison (1) Pinckney Р James Madison (2) D. Clinton 18 Democrat-Republican R. King 3 Federalist, 16 Democrat-Republican K James Monroe (1) K K 24 Democrat-Republican James Monroe (2) A. Jackson, Crawford, Clay A Cr John Quincy Adams Cl J Cr A 24 No Party CI J A J J A J Α J.Q. Adams Andrew Jackson (I) 15 Democrat, 9 National Republican Clay, Floyd, Wirt 16 Democrat, 6 National Republican, IIndependent Democrat, I Antimason Andrew Jackson (2) W.H. Harrison, White, Webster, Mangum 15 Democrat, 11 Whig Martin Van Buren William Henry Harrison Van Buren 7 Democrat, 19 Whig James K. Polk 15 Democrat, 11 Whig Zachary Taylor 15 Democrat, 15 Whig Franklin Pierce Scott 27 Democrat, 4 Whig James Buchanan Fremont, Fillmore 19 Democrat, 11Republican, 1 Know Nothing Abraham Lincoln (I) Breckinridge, Bell, S. Douglas I Democrat, 18 Republican, 11 National Democrat, 3 Constitutional Union McClellan Abraham Lincoln (2) 3 Democrat, 22 Republican Seymour Ulysses S. Grant (1) 8 Democrat, 26 Republican В Hendricks, G. Brown 29 Republican, 6 No Party Ulysses S. Grant (2) Tilden 17 Democrat, 21 Republican Rutherford B. Hayes James A. Garfield Hancock 19 Democrat, 19 Republican Grover Cleveland (1) Blaine 20 Democrat, 18 Republican Cleveland 18 Democrat, 20 Republican Benjamin Harrison B. Harrison, Weaver Grover Cleveland (2) 23 Democrat, 16 Republican, 4 Populist, 1 split for all 22 Democrat/Populist, 23 Republican William McKinley (1) Bryan William McKinley (2) 17 Democrat, 28 Republican Bryan

13 Democrat, 32 Republican

7 Democrat, 29 Republican

30 Democrat, 18 Republican

I Democrat, 37 Republican

8 Democrat, 40 Republican

42 Democrat, 6 Republican 46 Democrat, 2 Republican

38 Democrat, 10 Republican

36 Democrat, 12 Republican

9 Democrat, 39 Republican

7 Democrat, 41 Republican

45 Democrat, 6 Republican

2 Democrat, 49 Republican24 Democrat, 27 Republican

7 Democrat, 44 Republican 2 Democrat, 49 Republican

I Democrat, 40 Republican

33 Democrat, 18 Republican

32 Democrat, 19 Republican

21 Democrat, 30 Republican 20 Democrat, 31 Republican

40 Democrat, 2 Republican, 6 Progressive

13 Democrat, 34 Republican, 1Progressive

28 Democrat, 16 Republican, 4 Dixiecrat

22 Democrat, 26 Republican, 2 No Party

14 Democrat, 32 Republican, 5 American Independent

PRESIDENTIAL PORTRAITS

Elections are listed vertically, states are listed horizontally. Each instance of a state's participation in a presidential election is filled in with the color of the party for which it voted. (See chart below for the colors assigned to each party.) The letter in each space is the first letter in the last name of the person who won that state's electoral votes; the first two letters were used if more than one person in that election had last names starting with the same letter. Note that letters are keyed specifically to the people involved in each particular election, and thus have relative, not universal, referents; in other words, a "B" listed for a state in the row that corresponds to the election of George H.W. Bush means that G.H.W. Bush won that state that year, but a "B" in the row for William McKinley's first election stands for William lennings Bryan.

Chart of Colors Assigned to Each Party:				
Party	Color	Total Number of States Won in All Elections	Total Number of States Won in All Elections, Adding Split Votes and the Democratic/Populist Combined Votes to Their Parties' Main Listing	
Federalist		41	41.5	
Democrat-Republican		100	100.5	
Split vote		2	(.5 Fed, .5 Dem-Rep, .3 Dem, .3 Rep, .3 Pop)	
No Party		32	32	
Democrat		793	815.3	
National Republican		15	15	
Independent Democrat		I	1	
Anti-Mason		I	I	
Whig		60	60	
Republican		940	940.3	
American/Know Nothing		I	I	
National Democrat		11	П	
Constitutional Union		3	3	
Populist/People's		4	26.3	
Both Democrat and Populist		22	0	
Progressive/Bull Moose		7	7	
States' Rights/Dixiecrat		4	4	
American Independent		5	5	

Theodore Roosevelt

William Howard Taft

Woodrow Wilson (I)

Woodrow Wilson (2)

Warren G. Harding

Franklin D. Roosevelt (

Franklin D. Roosevelt (2)

Franklin D. Roosevelt (3)

Franklin D. Roosevelt (4)

Dwight D. Eisenhower (

Dwight D. Eisenhower (2)

Calvin Coolidge

Herbert Hoover

Harry S. Truman

John F. Kennedy

Jimmy Carter Ronald Reagan (I)

Bill Clinton (I)

Bill Clinton (2)

Lyndon B. Johnson

Ronald Reagan (2)

George H. W. Bush

George W. Bush (I)

George W. Bush (2)

Richard M. Nixon (I)

Richard M. Nixon (2)

**Parker** 

Hughes

Hoover

Landon

Wilkie

Dewey

Γ. Roosevelt, Taft

I. Davis, LaFollette

Dewey, Thurmond

Humphrey, G. Wallace

A.E. Stevenson 2

A.E. Stevenson 2

Nixon, Byrd

Goldwater

McGovern

Carter

Gore

Kerry

Mondale

**Dukakis** 

G.H.W. Bush

Note:	For the purposes of this chart, winning a state's electoral college means winning the majority of the electoral votes from that state
	Only those contenders who won at least one state's electoral vote are listed here
Note:	For Washington's first election, North Carolina and Rhode Island had not yet ratified Constitution, and New York sent its votes too late
Note:	In Jefferson's first election, Maryland split its electoral votes evenly between Jefferson and Adams
Note:	In Lincoln's second election, Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Lousiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia did not take part due to the Civil War
Note:	In Grant's first election, Mississippi, Texas, and Virginia did not take part due to issues related to Reconstruction
Note:	In Grant's second election, Arkansas and Louisiana did not take part due to issues related to Reconstruction
Note:	In Cleveland's second election, North Dakota split its electoral votes evenly between Cleveland, Harrison, and Weaver